2023 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report City of luka PWS ID #0710006

Is my water safe?

We are pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). This report is designed to provide details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. Local Water vigilantly safeguards its water supplies and once again we are very proud that our system has not violated a maximum contaminant level or any other water quality standard. This report shows the results for our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2023. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

About Our System

The City of luka Water System serves approximately 2,755 customers.

The City of luka is in the process of adding a new Stand Pipe to the Midway pumping station. This will improve the current water demands to our customers.

The City of luka will be updating the SCADA System to help control tank levels and more accurately monitor your water.

Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water that the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Where does my water come from?

Our water source consists of four (4) wells; three that draws from the Paleozoic Aquifer and one drawing from the Fort Payne Chert Aquifer.

Source water assessment and its availability:

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing at our office upon request. Listed below are the ratings for the wells of the City of luka.

Well # 710006-01 – moderate rating on source water assessment Well # 710006-02 – higher rating on source water assessment Well # 710006-04 – moderate rating on source water assessment Well # 710006-05 – lower rating on source water assessment

Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?

All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses; organic Chemical Contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems; and radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

How can I get involved?

Please join us for our monthly meetings. Our board meets monthly on the first Tuesday night of each month at 7:00 PM at City Hall at 118 S Pearl Street. We encourage all customers with concerns or questions to meet with us.

FOR MORE INFORMATION CONTACT:

City of luka Water Department
ATTN: Brad Hollon,
Public Works Director
118 S Pearl Street
Iuka, MS 38852
Phone: 662-423-3781

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The City of luka is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Monitoring and reporting of compliance data violations

As you can see by the table below, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", CITY OF IUKA is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.6- 1.2 parts per million (ppm) was 0. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 0%. The number of months samples were collected and analyzed in the previous calendar year was 0.

Note: This system adds fluoride to your drinking water to help prevent and reduce cavities and improve overall oral health. Supply-chain issues have limited or prevented this water system's ability to obtain fluoride on a regular basis. The data presented above only reflects the months when this water system added fluoride to your drinking water.

The table below lists all the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. The presence of contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA and the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently.

City of luka PWS ID # 0710006

2023 WATER QUALITY DATA TABLE

Contaminants (units)	MCLG	MCL,		Raı	Range		Violation	Typical Source	
	or	TT, or	Your			Sample		7.	
	MRDLG		Water	Low	High	Date			
Disinfectants & Disinfection By-Products									
Chlorine (ppm)	4	4	1.10	0.80	1.60	2023	No	Water additive used to control	
								microbes	
Inorganic Contaminants									
Barium (ppm)	2	2	0.0091	N/A	N/A	2019	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from	
								metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits	
Chromium (ppm)	0.1	0.1	0.001	N/A	N/A	2019	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mills;	
								Erosion of natural deposits.	
Nitrate {measured as	10	10	0.205	N/A	N/A	2023	No	Runoff fromfertilizer user;	
Nitrogen} (ppm)								Leaching from septic tanks, sew age;	
								Erosion of natural deposits	
Sodium (ppm)	20	20	1.36	N/A	N/A	2023	No	Erosion from natural deposits; Likely source	
								of contamination -Road salt, water treatment	
								chemicals, water softners, and sewage	
0	1401.0	A •	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	# 0				effluents	
Contaminants (units)	MCLG	AL	Your		nples	Exceeds	Sample	Typical Source	
			Water	Exce	eding J	AL	Date		
Inorganic Contaminants (Lead and Copper)									
Copper (ppm)	1.3	1.3	0.4			No	2022	Corrosion of household plumbing systems;	
,								Erosion of natural deposits	
Lead (ppb)	0	15	1	()	No	2022	Corrosion of household plumbing systems;	
								Erosion of natural deposits	
Important Drinking Water Definitions									
MCLG - Maximum Contan	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no know or expected								
Level Goal risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. MCL - Maximum Contaminant The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as							king water. MCLs are set as		
Level	The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.								
AL - Action Level	The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers a treatment or other								
AL - Action Level	requirements which a water system must follow.								
TT-Treatment Technique	A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.								
MRDLG - Maximum Res	The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to								
Disinfection Level Goal	health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial								
MDDI M : D :	microbial contaminants.								
MRDL - Maximum Resid	The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that								
Disinfection Level	addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.								
MNR - Monitored Not Regulated									
MPL - State Assigned Maximum Permissible Level									
Unit Descriptions									
ppb - Parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (ug/l)							or milligrams per liter (mg/l)		
pCi/L - Picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)						NA - not ap			
ND - Not detected						NR - Monito	ring not requ	uired, but recommended	